



USER MANUAL

8096

Humidity-Temperature-Sensor



Features

- Precision measuring instrument for high-quality use in building services or industry
- Capacitive humidity measuring element
- Special resistance to air pollutants
- High long term stability

Function

The sensor (8096) is a precision measuring instrument for measuring relative humidity and air temperature. The compact sensor is characterised by a power-saving electronic and high measuring accuracy. A membrane filter reliably protects the high-quality capacitive measuring element from air pollutants.

The combined sensor (8096) is designed for high-quality use in meteorology and industry. If the device is handled properly the perfect function and long-term stability as well as high accuracy are ensured.

Warranty

Please note the loss of warranty and non-liability by unauthorised manipulation of the system. You need a written permission of the LAMBRECHT meteo GmbH for changes of system components. These activities must be operated by a qualified technician.

The warranty does not cover:

1. Mechanical damages caused by external impacts (e. g. icefall, rockfall, vandalism).
2. Impacts or damages caused by over-voltages or electromagnetic fields which are beyond the standards and specifications in the technical data.
3. Damages caused by improper handling, e. g. by wrong tools, incorrect installation, incorrect electrical installation (false polarity) etc.
4. Damages which are caused by using the device beyond the specified operation conditions.

Putting into operation

For measurements the sensor should be mounted at a representative place. The sensor can be installed in any position. The sensor must be protected against water splashes and rain. As a suitable weather and protection screen we recommend the sensor shelter (8141.6) plus the 15 mm adapter.

Dew formation and splashes do not damage the sensor, although corrupted measurement readings are recorded until all the moisture on the filter has dried up. Inside a room you should avoid a place near heatings, windows, and cold outer walls.

The protective filters should only be screwed off carefully to check functioning with the humidity standard. It is important not to touch the highly sensitive sensor element in the process. When you screw them back on, bear in mind that sensors will not measure accurately again until they are completely dry.

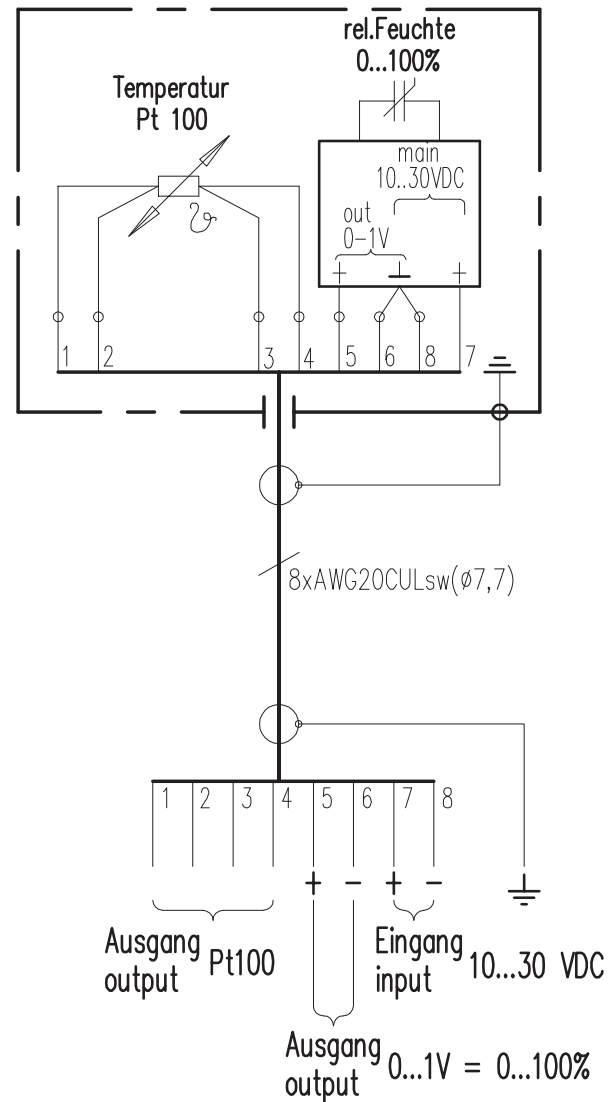
Electrical connection

! Incorrect voltage supplies and overloading of the outputs can destroy the sensor!

The sensor (8096) has to be connected with the end of the cable to an external power supply and signal evaluation (see figure).

Wiring diagram

Meßwertgeber für Lufttemperatur und rel.Feuchte
sensor for air temperature and rel.humidity



Kabelbelegung / cable configuration		
Ader core	AWG Farbcode AWG color code	Aus-Eingänge in- and outputs
1	sw - blk	J+
2	br - brn	U+
3	rt - red	U-
4	or - ora	J-
5	ge - yel	+ Ausg. output
6	gn - grn	- 0...1V
7	bl - blu	+ Versorg. supply
8	vio- vio	- 10...30VDC
⊥		Schirm / shield

Measurements

The measuring probe is adjusted by delivery. For putting into operating another readjustment is not required. The probe is ready for use half a second after being switched on.



Before a reliable measurement can be made, the measuring probe and medium to be measured must be in temperature and humidity equilibrium.

The necessary adjustment time, which can last up to 30 minutes, depends upon several factors:

- Size of the humidity and temperature deviation of probe and medium before start of measurement
- Change of the measured values during the adjustment time

The humidity measurement delivers a better picture of the progress of acclimatization since it reacts much more quickly and more sensitively than the temperature measurement.

The 1/10 percent display is therefore very suitable as a trend display. If the display oscillates about mean value, then adjustment is completed.

Sources of error

Humidity measurements are very sensitive to various influences:

TEMPERATURE ERRORS

Due to too short adjustment time, sunshine during the measurement, heating, cold outer wall, air draft (e.g. fans), radiating hand, and/or body heat etc..

HUMIDITY ERRORS

Due to steam, water splashes dripping water or condensation on the sensor etc.. Repeatability and long-term stability in operation are not impaired by this even if the probe has been exposed to high humidity or saturation with water vapor over a lengthy period.

CONTAMINATION

Contamination of the humidity sensor can be largely avoided by using a corresponding filter. The filters must be cleaned or replaced periodically depending upon the degree of contamination of the measuring site.



The sensor is insensitive to chemicals, when they occur in normal concentrations (MAK values = maximum workplace exposure). At higher concentrations or possibilities of contact with liquid chemicals, the manufacturer must always be consulted!

Maintenance and service

DEFINITIONS

Calibration = Control measurement with a humidity standard

Adjustment = Calibration + additional readjustment of the probe to the setpoint value

TEMPERATURE

The probe is adjusted before delivery. A temperature readjustment is normally not required. In case of doubt please contact the producer.

HUMIDITY

The probe is adjusted before delivery so that the results are in optimum accuracy over the full measuring range. We recommend to **check the probe at least once a year**.

CLEANING

Contaminated filters can cause measuring errors and prolong the adjustment time. Depending upon the degree of contamination of the filter, this must be cleaned or if necessary replaced periodically.



In order not to damage the sensors, unscrew the filter for cleaning.

Clean the filter with soapy water, alcohol or a cleaning agent suitable for removing contamination and rinse thoroughly with water. Do not screw the filter back onto the probe until it is completely dry.

Disposal

LAMBRECHT meteo GmbH is listed and registered at the Stiftung Elektro-Altgeräte Register ear under:

WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 45445814

In the category of monitoring and control instruments, device type: "Monitoring and control instruments for exclusively commercial use".

Within the EU

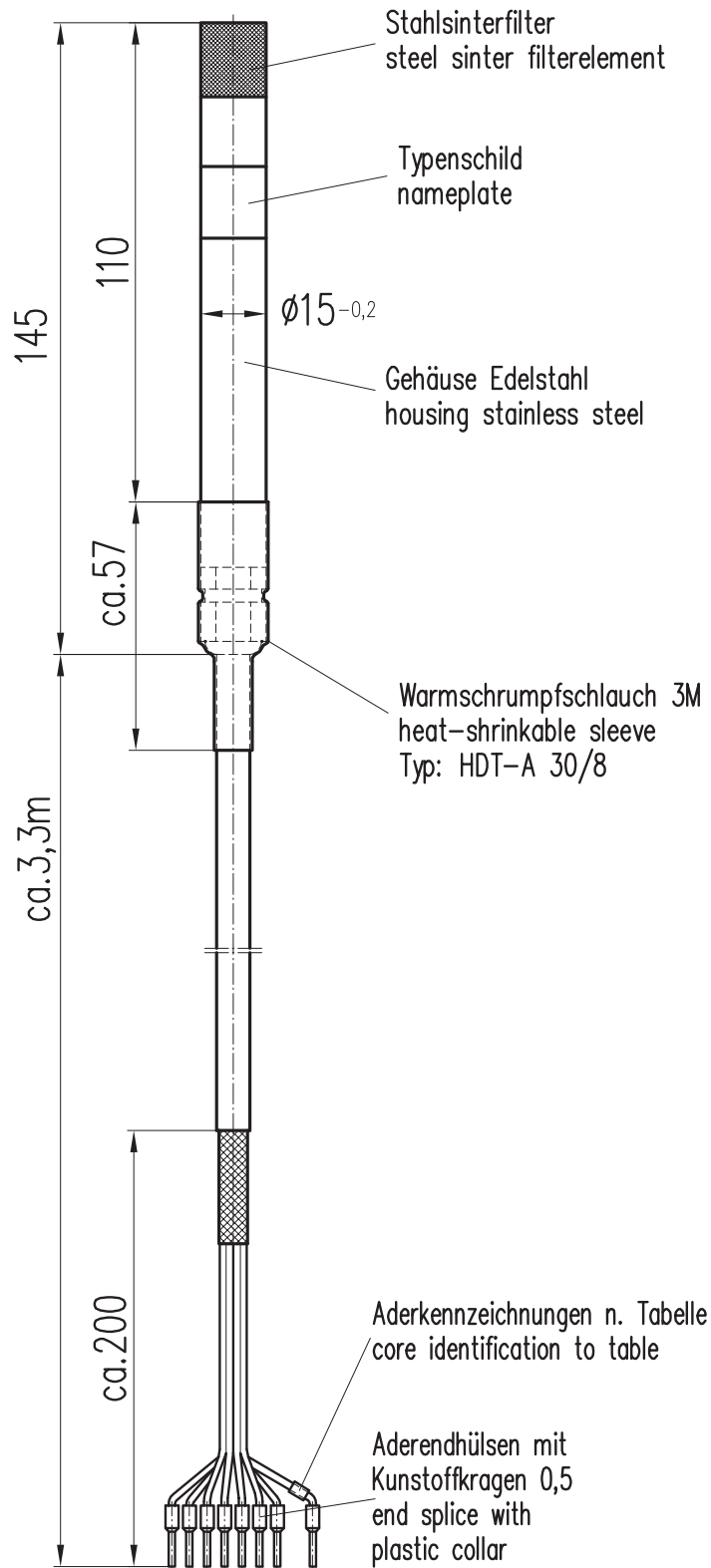


The device has to be disposed according to the European Directives 2002/96/EC and 2003/108/EC (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment). Do not dispose the old device in the household waste! For an environmentally friendly recycling and disposal of your old device, contact a certified disposal company for electronic waste.

Outside the EU

Please follow the regulations in your country regarding the appropriate disposal of waste electronic equipment.

Dimensioned drawing



Technical data

8096 Humidity Temperature Sensor	
Id-No.	00.08096.230402
Measuring elements	Humidity: Capacitive Temperature: Pt100 1/3 DIN (DIN EN 60571); IEC 751 Class B ($\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$)
Range of application	Humidity: 0...100 % r. h. Temperature: -40...+70 °C
Measuring ranges	Humidity: 0...100 % r. h. Temperature: -40...+70 °C
Accuracies	Humidity: $\pm 2\%$ r. h. at: 5...95 % r. h.; +10...+40 °C (at ≥ 0.5 m/s); Plus: $< 0.1\%$ r. h./°C at: $< +10^\circ\text{C}$; $> +40^\circ\text{C}$ Temperature: $\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$, 1/3 DIN IEC 751 Class B
Response time humidity	< 20 s (without wind and without filter, otherwise at 1.5 m/s: 1.5 min)
Minimum air velocity	≥ 0.5 m/s
Output signals	Humidity: 0...1VDC = 0...100 % r. h. ; Min. load resistance ≥ 2 kOhm Temperature: Pt100 (4-wire circuit)
Supply voltage	6...30 VDC
Current consumption	< 1 mA
Sensor protection	Membrane filter for outdoor use
Cable	Length = 3.3 m; fixed connection
Housing	Stainless steel; IP 65; protection class of filter IP 40
EMC	DIN EN 60945 – Chapter. 9,10
Weight	approx. 0.3 kg

ACCESSORIES (please order separately)

Id-No. 00.08141.600000	Sensor shelter For the protection of the sensor against influences of radiation, wind, and temperature, as well as for the mounting on a mast.
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